

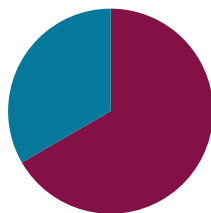
Lesson 33

Objective: Solidify fluency with Grade 3 skills.

Related Topics: [More Lesson Plans for the Common Core Math](#)

Suggested Lesson Structure

■ Fluency Practice	(50 minutes)
■ Student Debrief	(10 minutes)
Total Time	(60 minutes)



Fluency Practice (50 minutes)

- Sprint: Mixed Division **3.OA.7** (10 minutes)
- Multiply **3.OA.7** (3 minutes)
- Mixed Review Games (37 minutes)

Sprint: Mixed Division (10 minutes)

Materials: (S) Mixed Division Sprint

Note: This Sprint focuses on student mastery of all quotients within 100.

Multiply (3 minutes)

Materials: (S) Personal white boards

Note: This fluency activity focuses on student mastery of all products of two one-digit numbers.

T: (Write $4 \times 2 = \underline{\quad}$.) Say the multiplication sentence.

S: 4 times 2 is 8.

Continue the process for the following possible sequence: 3×4 , 4×4 , and 5×6 .

T: (Write $7 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$.) Write the answer.

S: (Write 42.)

Continue the process for the following possible sequence: 8×7 and 9×6 .

T: (Write $3 \times 2 = \underline{\quad}$.) Say the multiplication sentence.

S: 3 times 2 is 6.

T: Flip the factors and say it.



NOTES ON MULTIPLE MEANS OF REPRESENTATION:

Clarify the expression “flip the factors” for English language learners and others. Explain that students are to switch the placement of the factors in the multiplication sentence. It may be helpful to give an example.

S: 2 times 3 is 6.

Continue the process for the following possible sequence: 6×3 , 7×5 , 7×6 , and 9×8 .

Mixed Review Games (37 minutes)

Materials: (S) Fluency game materials (listed with each activity and included at the end of the lesson), Problem Set

For the rest of today’s lesson students review and play fluency games from Grade 3. They play in pairs, alternating the role of teacher. Students might periodically move around the room selecting different partners, or stay in the same grouping for the duration of this practice. Choose a few ideas from the suggested games, and let students choose which ones they will play, or select other fluency favorites based on the needs and interests of the class.

Students should have their Problem Set with them as they play the fluency games, and use it to keep a list of their favorite activities. They will reference the list in G3–M7–Lesson 34 when recording the directions for their favorites in a summer practice booklet.

Student Debrief (10 minutes)

Lesson Objective: Solidify fluency with Grade 3 skills.

The Student Debrief is intended to invite reflection and active processing of the total lesson experience.

Invite students to review their solutions for the Problem Set. They should check work by comparing answers with a partner before going over answers as a class. Look for misconceptions or misunderstandings that can be addressed in the Debrief. Guide students in a conversation to debrief the Problem Set and process the lesson.

You may choose to use any combination of the questions below to lead the discussion.

- What is something you did today that you could not do before you came to third grade?
- Are there any activities that were still a little challenging? What might you do to get better?
- Which of these games might be fun to play over the summer so you can keep your math skills sharp? Who will you teach to play with you?



NOTES ON MULTIPLE MEANS OF ENGAGEMENT:

These are games that students can play with family members to maintain skills over the summer. It may be appropriate to invite parents and siblings to learn and participate. This might be done at a math or parents’ night. For example, students may consider who their game partners might be at home and make adjustments accordingly. For example, if played with a younger or older sibling, games may include math appropriate for siblings. Discuss with students how to best adapt the games for their personal summer experiences.

Name Gina Date _____

List some games we played today in the chart below. Place a check mark in the box that shows how you felt about your level of fluency as you played each activity. Check off the last column if you would like to practice this activity over the summer.

Activity	I still need some practice with my facts.	I am fluent.	I would like to put this in my summer activity book.
1. Array Multiplication		✓	✓
2. Commutative Multiplying		✓	✓
3. Rename Tens	✓		✓
4. Make Tens and Hundreds	✓		✓
5. Partition Shapes		✓	✓
6. Draw Fractions from Part to Whole	✓		✓
7.			
8.			

Exit Ticket (3 minutes)

After the Student Debrief, instruct students to complete the Exit Ticket. A review of their work will help you assess the students' understanding of the concepts that were presented in the lesson today and plan more effectively for future lessons. You may read the questions aloud to the students.

A

Correct _____

Divide.

1	$4 \div 2 =$		23	$16 \div 8 =$	
2	$6 \div 2 =$		24	$40 \div 8 =$	
3	$10 \div 2 =$		25	$32 \div 8 =$	
4	$20 \div 2 =$		26	$56 \div 8 =$	
5	$10 \div 5 =$		27	$18 \div 9 =$	
6	$15 \div 5 =$		28	$45 \div 9 =$	
7	$25 \div 5 =$		29	$36 \div 9 =$	
8	$20 \div 5 =$		30	$63 \div 9 =$	
9	$8 \div 4 =$		31	$64 \div 8 =$	
10	$12 \div 4 =$		32	$48 \div 8 =$	
11	$20 \div 4 =$		33	$81 \div 9 =$	
12	$16 \div 4 =$		34	$54 \div 9 =$	
13	$6 \div 3 =$		35	$24 \div 6 =$	
14	$9 \div 3 =$		36	$16 \div 2 =$	
15	$15 \div 3 =$		37	$28 \div 7 =$	
16	$12 \div 3 =$		38	$27 \div 3 =$	
17	$60 \div 6 =$		39	$24 \div 8 =$	
18	$12 \div 6 =$		40	$32 \div 4 =$	
19	$18 \div 6 =$		41	$27 \div 9 =$	
20	$35 \div 7 =$		42	$72 \div 9 =$	
21	$14 \div 7 =$		43	$56 \div 7 =$	
22	$21 \div 7 =$		44	$72 \div 8 =$	

B

Improvement _____

Correct _____

Divide.

1	$10 \div 5 =$		23	$18 \div 9 =$	
2	$15 \div 5 =$		24	$45 \div 9 =$	
3	$25 \div 5 =$		25	$27 \div 9 =$	
4	$50 \div 5 =$		26	$63 \div 9 =$	
5	$4 \div 2 =$		27	$16 \div 8 =$	
6	$6 \div 2 =$		28	$40 \div 8 =$	
7	$10 \div 2 =$		29	$24 \div 8 =$	
8	$8 \div 2 =$		30	$56 \div 8 =$	
9	$6 \div 3 =$		31	$81 \div 9 =$	
10	$9 \div 3 =$		32	$54 \div 9 =$	
11	$15 \div 3 =$		33	$64 \div 8 =$	
12	$12 \div 3 =$		34	$48 \div 8 =$	
13	$8 \div 4 =$		35	$30 \div 6 =$	
14	$12 \div 4 =$		36	$18 \div 2 =$	
15	$20 \div 4 =$		37	$35 \div 7 =$	
16	$16 \div 4 =$		38	$24 \div 3 =$	
17	$70 \div 7 =$		39	$32 \div 8 =$	
18	$14 \div 7 =$		40	$36 \div 4 =$	
19	$21 \div 7 =$		41	$45 \div 9 =$	
20	$30 \div 6 =$		42	$72 \div 8 =$	
21	$12 \div 6 =$		43	$49 \div 7 =$	
22	$18 \div 6 =$		44	$72 \div 9 =$	

Name _____

Date _____

List some games we played today in the chart below. Place a check mark in the box that shows how you felt about your level of fluency as you played each activity. Check off the last column if you would like to practice this activity over the summer.

Activity	I still need some practice with my facts.	I am fluent.	I would like to put this in my summer activity book.
1.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7.			
8.			

Name _____

Date _____

What fluency activity helped you the most in becoming fluent with your multiplication and division facts this year? Write three or four sentences to explain what made it so useful.

Name _____ Date _____

Teach a family member your favorite fluency game from class. Record information about the game you taught below.

Name of the game: _____

Materials used: _____

Name of the person you taught to play: _____

Describe what it was like to teach the game. Was it easy? Hard? Why? _____

Will you play the game together again? Why or why not? _____

Was the game as fun to play at home as in class? Why or why not? _____

<p>Multiplication</p> <p>Materials: (S) Personal white boards</p> <p>T: (Draw an array with 3 rows of 2.) Say the repeated addition sentence.</p> <p>S: $2 + 2 + 2 = 6$.</p> <p>T: (Write $3 \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$.) On your personal board, complete the multiplication sentence.</p> <p>S: (Write $3 \times 2 = 6$.)</p> <p>Repeat using the following ideas: 4 rows of 10, 3 rows of 4, 7 rows of 3, and 8 rows of 2. Or, you can think of your own.</p>	<p>Equal Groups</p> <p>Materials: (S) Personal white boards</p> <p>T: (Draw a picture with 2 groups of 4 circled.) Say the total as a repeated addition sentence.</p> <p>S: $4 + 4 = 8$.</p> <p>T: Write a division sentence that means the number of groups is unknown.</p> <p>S: (Write $8 \div 4 = 2$.)</p> <p>T: Below that division sentence write a division sentence that means the number in each group is unknown.</p> <p>S: (Write $8 \div 2 = 4$.)</p> <p>Repeat using the following ideas: 5 groups of 3, 3 groups of 4, and 6 groups of 2. Or, you can think of your own.</p>
<p>Commutative Multiplying</p> <p>Materials: (S) Personal white boards</p> <p>T: (Draw an array with 3 rows of 2 dots.) How many rows of 2 do you see?</p> <p>S: 3 rows of 2.</p> <p>T: Write four different multiplication sentences for the picture.</p> <p>S: (Write $3 \times 2 = 6$, $2 \times 3 = 6$, $6 = 3 \times 2$, $6 = 2 \times 3$.)</p> <p>Repeat using the following ideas: 3 rows of 5, and 4 rows of 3. Or, you can think of your own.</p> <p>T: (Write $4 \times 2 = 2 \times \underline{\quad}$.) On your board, fill in the blank.</p> <p>S: (Write $4 \times 2 = 2 \times 4$.)</p> <p>Repeat using the following ideas: $9 \times 5 = 5 \times \underline{\quad}$ and $3 \times 6 = 6 \times \underline{\quad}$. Or, you can think of your own.</p>	<p>Tape Diagrams</p> <p>Materials: (S) Personal white boards</p> <p>T: (Draw a tape diagram with 5 equal units and 2 stars in the first unit.) What is the value of each unit?</p> <p>S: 2 stars.</p> <p>T: How many units are there?</p> <p>S: 5 units.</p> <p>T: Write a multiplication sentence for this tape diagram.</p> <p>S: (Write $5 \times 2 = 10$.)</p> <p>Repeat using the following ideas: $4 \times 3 = 12$, $8 \div 4 = 2$, and $15 \div 3 = 5$. Or, you can think of your own.</p>

Tens

Materials: (S) Hide Zero Cards, personal white boards

Note: Hide Zero Cards can be made with index cards for personal practice.

T: (Write 7 tens = ____.) Say the number.

S: 70.

Repeat using the following ideas: 10 tens, 12 tens, 20 tens, 28 tens, 30 tens, and 37 tens. Or, you can think of your own.



Hide Zero Cards

Tens and Hundreds

Materials: (S) Personal white boards

T: (Write $9 + \underline{\quad} = 10$.) Say the missing number.

S: 1.

T: (Write $90 + \underline{\quad} = 100$.) Say the missing number.

S: 10.

T: (Write $91 + \underline{\quad} = 100$.) Say the missing number.

S: 9.

T: (Write $291 + \underline{\quad} = 300$.) Say the missing number.

S: 9.

Repeat using the following ideas:

$1 + \underline{\quad} = 10$, $10 + \underline{\quad} = 100$, $11 + \underline{\quad} = 100$, $211 + \underline{\quad} = 300$,

$8 + \underline{\quad} = 10$, $80 + \underline{\quad} = 100$, $85 + \underline{\quad} = 100$, and $385 + \underline{\quad} = 400$

Or, you can think of your own.

Make Twenty-Four Game

Materials: Set of 6 cards per pair

Note: Students play in pairs. Each pair has a set of 6 cards, each with a number (2, 3, 4, 6, 8, and 12).

T: (Write $\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = 24$.) Spread the cards out in front of you.

T: Put your hands behind your back. I'll put a number in the first blank. When you know the number that belongs in the second blank, touch the card that shows the number. The first one of us to touch the card keeps it. Whoever has the most cards at the end wins. (Write 12 in the first blank.)

S: (Touch the 2 card. The first to touch it keeps the card.)

Repeat but this time, you might make 36 with the same cards plus 9 and 18.

Write In the Parentheses

Materials: (S) Personal white boards

T: (Write $10 - 5 + 3 = 8$.) On your board, copy the equation. Then, insert parentheses to make the statement true.

S: (Write $(10 - 5) + 3 = 8$.)

Repeat using the following ideas:

$10 - 5 + 3 = 2$, $10 = 20 - 7 + 3$, $16 = 20 - 7 + 3$,
 $8 + 2 \times 4 = 16$, $8 + 2 \times 4 = 40$, $12 = 12 \div 2 \times 2$, $3 = 12 \div 2 \times 2$,
 $10 = 35 - 5 \times 5$, and $20 - 10 \div 5 = 2$.

Or, you can think of your own.

Round Three- and Four-Digit Numbers (4 minutes)

Materials: (S) Personal white boards

T: (Write $87 \approx \underline{\quad}$.) What is 87 rounded to the nearest ten?

S: 90.

Repeat using the following ideas: 97, 43, 643, 35, and 865. Or, you can think of your own.

T: (Write $253 \approx \underline{\quad}$.) What is 253 rounded to the nearest hundred?

S: 300

Repeat using the following ideas: 253, 1253, 735, 1735, 850, 1850, 952, 1371, and 1450. Or, you can think of your own.

Partition Shapes

Materials: (S) Personal white boards

T: Draw a square.

S: (Draw square.)

T: (Write $\frac{1}{2}$.) Estimate to equally partition the square into halves.

S: (Partition.)

Repeat using the following ideas: line $\frac{1}{5}$, circle $\frac{1}{4}$, circle $\frac{1}{8}$, bar $\frac{1}{10}$, and bar $\frac{1}{6}$.

Or, you can think of your own.

Write the Unit Fraction

Materials: (S) Personal white boards

T: (Draw a shape with $\frac{1}{2}$ shaded.) Write the unit fraction.

S: (Write $\frac{1}{2}$.)

Repeat using the following ideas: $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{8}$, $\frac{1}{6}$, $\frac{1}{10}$, and $\frac{1}{5}$.

Or, you can think of your own.

Greater or Less than 1?

T: (Write $\frac{1}{2}$.) Greater or less than 1?

S: Less!

Repeat using the following ideas: $\frac{3}{2}$, $\frac{5}{4}$, $\frac{3}{4}$, $\frac{3}{7}$, $\frac{5}{3}$, and $\frac{5}{2}$.

Or, you can think of your own.

Draw Fractions from Part to Whole

Materials: (S) Personal white boards

T: Draw 1 unit on your personal board.

S: (Draw 1 unit.)

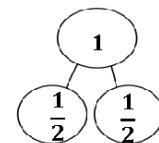
T: Label the unit $\frac{1}{3}$. Now, draw the whole that goes with your unit of $\frac{1}{3}$.

Repeat using the following ideas: $\frac{1}{5}$, $\frac{1}{6}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, and $\frac{1}{2}$.

Or, you can think of your own.

Draw Number Bonds of One

Materials: (S) Personal white boards



T: Draw a number bond to partition one into halves.

S: (Write.)

T: How many copies of 1 half did you draw to make one?

S: 2 copies.

Repeat with the following ideas: thirds, fourths, fifths, sixths, sevenths, etc. Or, you can think of your own.