

Please check the examination details below before entering your candidate information

Candidate surname

Other names

**Pearson Edexcel
International
Advanced Level**

Centre Number

Candidate Number

Time 1 hour 30 minutes

Paper
reference

WMA11/01



Mathematics

International Advanced Subsidiary/Advanced Level Pure Mathematics P1

You must have:

Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables (Yellow), calculator

Total Marks

**Candidates may use any calculator permitted by Pearson regulations.
Calculators must not have the facility for symbolic algebra manipulation,
differentiation and integration, or have retrievable mathematical formulae
stored in them.**

Instructions

- Use **black** ink or ball-point pen.
- If pencil is used for diagrams /sketches/graphs it must be dark (HB or B).
- **Fill in the boxes** at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer **all** questions and ensure that your answers to parts of questions are clearly labelled.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
– *there may be more space than you need*.
- You should show sufficient working to make your methods clear. Answers without working may not gain full credit.
- Inexact answers should be given to three significant figures unless otherwise stated.

Information

- A booklet 'Mathematical Formulae and Statistical Tables' is provided.
- There are 9 questions in this question paper. The total mark for this paper is 75.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
– *use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question*.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.
- If you change your mind about an answer, cross it out and put your new answer and any working underneath.
- Good luck with your examination.

Turn over ▶

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P 6 5 7 9 2 A 0 1 3 2



Pearson

1. The curve C has equation

$$y = \frac{x^2}{3} + \frac{4}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{8}{3x} - 5 \quad x > 0$$

- (a) Find $\frac{dy}{dx}$, giving your answer in simplest form.

(4)

The point $P(4, 3)$ lies on C .

- (b) Find the equation of the normal to C at the point P . Write your answer in the form $ax + by + c = 0$, where a , b and c are integers to be found.

(4)



Question 1 continued

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Q1

(Total 8 marks)



P 6 5 7 9 2 A 0 3 3 2

2. In this question you must show all stages of your working.

Solutions relying on calculator technology are not acceptable.

$$f(x) = ax^3 + (6a + 8)x^2 - a^2x$$

where a is a positive constant.

Given $f(-1) = 32$

(a) (i) show that the only possible value for a is 3

(ii) Using $a = 3$ solve the equation

$$f(x) = 0$$

(5)

(b) Hence find all real solutions of

$$(i) \quad 3y + 26y^{\frac{2}{3}} - 9y^{\frac{1}{3}} = 0$$

$$(ii) \quad 3(9^{3z}) + 26(9^{2z}) - 9(9^z) = 0$$

(5)

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Question 2 continued

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3. In this question you must show all stages of your working.

Solutions relying on calculator technology are not acceptable.

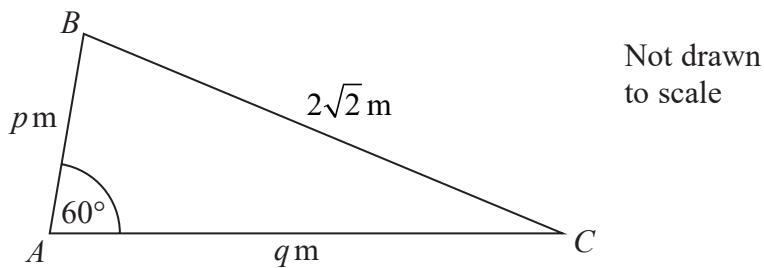


Figure 1

Figure 1 shows the plan view of a flower bed.
The flowerbed is in the shape of a triangle ABC with

- $AB = p$ metres
- $AC = q$ metres
- $BC = 2\sqrt{2}$ metres
- angle $BAC = 60^\circ$

- (a) Show that

$$p^2 + q^2 - pq = 8 \quad (2)$$

Given that side AC is 2 metres longer than side AB , use algebra to find

- (b) (i) the exact value of p ,
(ii) the exact value of q . (5)

Using the answers to part (b),

- (c) calculate the exact area of the flower bed. (2)



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Question 3 continued

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Question 3 continued

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Question 3 continued

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Q3

(Total 9 marks)



4. Find

$$\int \frac{(3\sqrt{x} + 2)(x - 5)}{4\sqrt{x}} dx$$

writing each term in simplest form.

(6)



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Question 4 continued

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Q4

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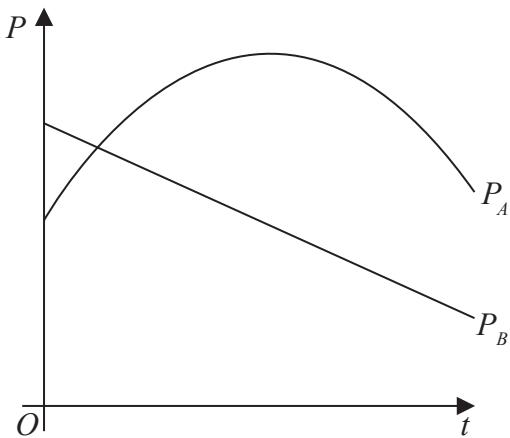


Figure 2

The share value of two companies, company **A** and company **B**, has been monitored over a 15-year period.

The share value P_A of **company A**, in millions of pounds, is modelled by the equation

$$P_A = 53 - 0.4(t - 8)^2 \quad t \geq 0$$

where t is the number of years after monitoring began.

The share value P_B of **company B**, in millions of pounds, is modelled by the equation

$$P_B = -1.6t + 44.2 \quad t \geq 0$$

where t is the number of years after monitoring began.

Figure 2 shows a graph of both models.

Use the equations of one or both models to answer parts (a) to (d).

- (a) Find the difference between the share value of **company A** and the share value of **company B** at the point monitoring began. (2)
- (b) State the maximum share value of **company A** during the 15-year period. (1)
- (c) Find, using algebra and showing your working, the times during this 15-year period when the share value of **company A** was greater than the share value of **company B**. (4)
- (d) Explain why the model for **company A** should not be used to predict its share value when $t = 20$ (1)



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Q5

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6. The curve C has equation $y = f(x)$, $x > 0$

Given that

- C passes through the point $P(8, 2)$
 - $f'(x) = \frac{32}{3x^2} + 3 - 2\left(\sqrt[3]{x}\right)$

- (a) find the equation of the tangent to C at P . Write your answer in the form $y = mx + c$, where m and c are constants to be found.

(3)

- (b) Find, in simplest form, $f(x)$.

(5)



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Q6

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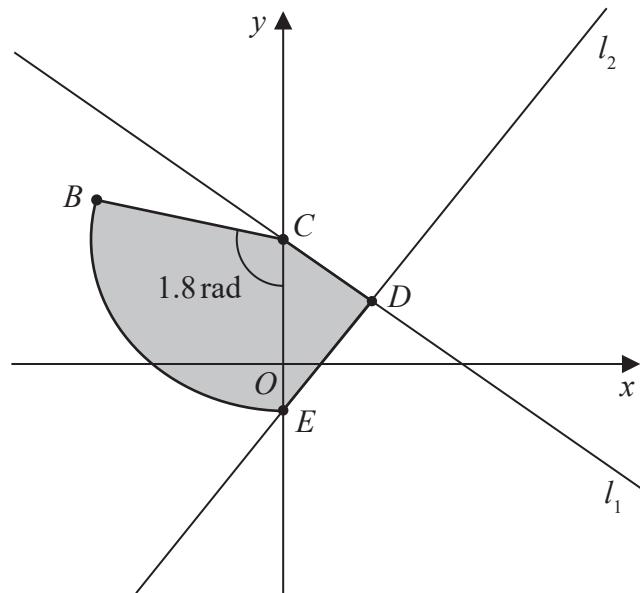


Figure 3

The line l_1 has equation $4y + 3x = 48$

The line l_1 cuts the y -axis at the point C , as shown in Figure 3.

(a) State the y coordinate of C .

(1)

The point $D(8, 6)$ lies on l_1

The line l_2 passes through D and is perpendicular to l_1

The line l_2 cuts the y -axis at the point E as shown in Figure 3.

(b) Show that the y coordinate of E is $-\frac{14}{3}$

(3)

A sector BCE of a circle with centre C is also shown in Figure 3.

Given that angle BCE is 1.8 radians,

(c) find the length of arc BE .

(3)

The region $CBED$, shown shaded in Figure 3, consists of the sector BCE joined to the triangle CDE .

(d) Calculate the exact area of the region $CBED$.

(3)



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Q7

(Total 10 marks)



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8. The curve C_1 has equation

$$y = 3x^2 + 6x + 9$$

- (a) Write $3x^2 + 6x + 9$ in the form

$$a(x + b)^2 + c$$

where a , b and c are constants to be found.

(3)

The point P is the minimum point of C_1 .

- (b) Deduce the coordinates of P .

(1)

A different curve C_2 has equation

$$y = Ax^3 + Bx^2 + Cx + D$$

where A , B , C and D are constants.

Given that C_2

- passes through P
 - intersects the x -axis at -4 , -2 and 3

- (c) find, making your method clear, the values of A , B , C and D .

(5)



Question 8 continued

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Question 8 continued

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Q8

(Total 9 marks)



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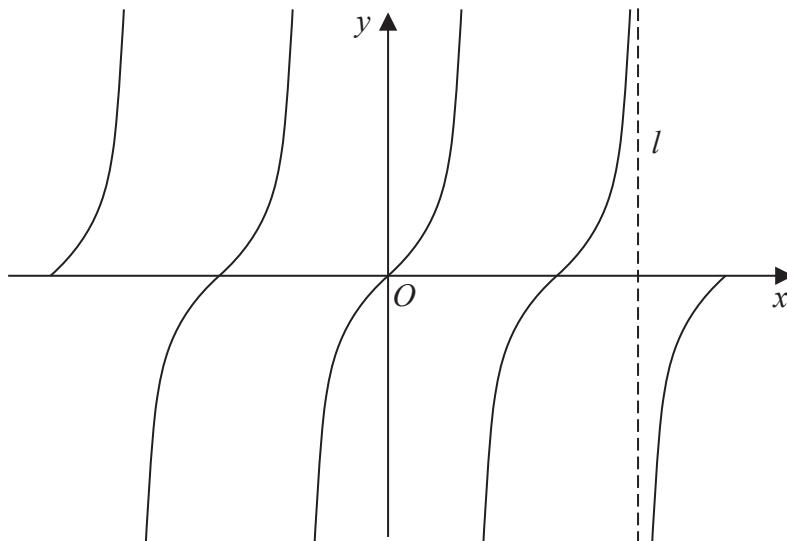


Figure 4

Figure 4 shows a sketch of the curve with equation

$$y = \tan x \quad -2\pi \leq x \leq 2\pi$$

The line l , shown in Figure 4, is an asymptote to $y = \tan x$

- (a) State an equation for l .

(1)

A copy of Figure 4, labelled Diagram 1, is shown on the next page.

- (b) (i) On Diagram 1, sketch the curve with equation

$$y = \frac{1}{x} + 1 \quad -2\pi \leq x \leq 2\pi$$

stating the equation of the horizontal asymptote of this curve.

- (ii) Hence, giving a reason, state the number of solutions of the equation

$$\tan x = \frac{1}{x} + 1$$

in the region $-2\pi \leq x \leq 2\pi$

(4)

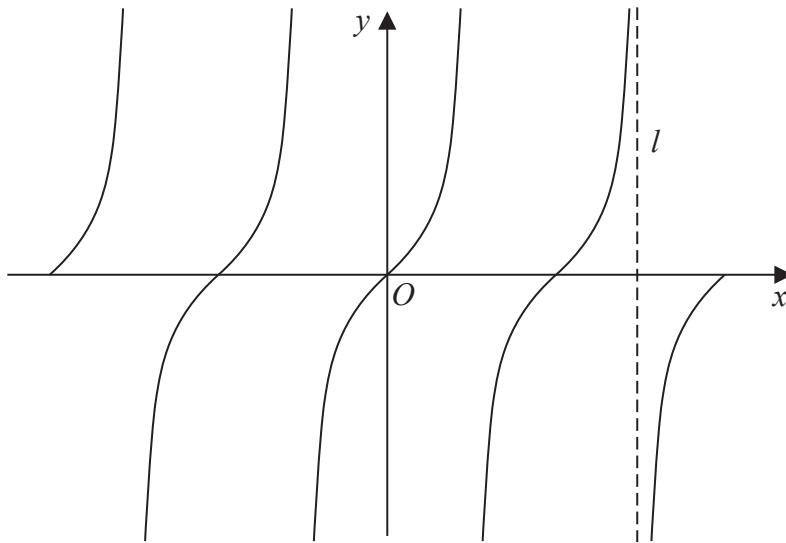
- (c) State the number of solutions of the equation $\tan x = \frac{1}{x} + 1$ in the region

(i) $0 \leq x \leq 40\pi$

(ii) $-10\pi \leq x \leq \frac{5}{2}\pi$

(2)



Question 9 continuedLeave
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Question 9 continued

Q9

(Total 7 marks)

TOTAL FOR PAPER IS 75 MARKS

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